V Semester B.C.A. Degree Examination, Nov./Dec. 2018 (CBCS) (F + R)

(2016-17 and Onwards)

BCA-503: Computer Architecture

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 100

Instruction : Answer all Sections.

SECTION - A

I. Answer any ten questions:

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- 1) Explain Full adder.
- 2) Define universal gates with logic circuit.
- 3) Explain BSA instruction.
- 4) State De-Morgan's theorem.
- 5) Define Flip-Flop.
- 6) Why we use shift register?
- 7) Explain Hamming code ?
- 8) Define Indirect Address Mode.
- 9) What is meant by Memory-Mapped I/O?
- 10) Define virtual memory.
- 11) What is Parity bit ?
- 12) Define types of RAM.

SECTION - B

II. Answer any five questions:

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

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- 13) Explain the steps involved in design of combinational circuit.
- 14) Write a note on program counter and stack memory.
- 15) What is a Karnaugh Map? Explain different types of Karnaugh Maps.
- 16) Explain any five register reference instructions.



- 17) Write a note on Cache memory.
- 18) Compare CISC and RISC processors.
- 19) What are the important characteristics of memory?
- 20) Explain timing signals.

SECTION - C

III. Answer any three questions. Each question carries fifteen marks.	3×15=45)
21) Explain the types of program interrupts.	
22) a) Simplify F(A, B, C, D) = $\sum m$ (1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14) and draw a circuit diagram.	10
b) What is a parity Bit ? Explain in brief.	ugiri - A
23) Explain types of CPU organization.	
24) a) Explain I/O commands.	
b) Explain common BUS organization of a Basic computer.	9
25) a) Explain Memory hierarchy.	6
b) Explain different Addressing Modes.	0 (0
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SECTION - D	
IV. Answer any two questions.	×10=10)
26) a) Explain direct Address and Indirect Address Modes.	5
b) Explain the working of R-S flip-flop.	5
27) a) Explain 8 to 3 Encoder.	5
b) Discuss error detection and correction codes.	0 (St 5
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13) Explain the stens involved in design of combinational circuit